



### Common Hydraulic Formulas

Property	Word Formula	Mathematic Equation
<b>Cylinder Force</b> lbs. ( <i>Pounds of Force</i> )	<b>Force</b> =Pressure (psi) x Net Area (in <sup>2</sup> )	<b>F</b> =PA
<b>Fluid Motor Speed</b> RPM ( <i>Revolutions per Minute</i> )	<b>Speed</b> = $\frac{231 \times \text{Flow Rate (GPM)}}{\text{F.M. Displacement (in}^3\text{/rev.)}}$	<b>n</b> = $\frac{231 Q}{d}$
<b>Fluid Pressure</b> psi ( <i>Pounds per Square Inch</i> )	<b>Pressure</b> = $\frac{\text{Force (lbs)}}{\text{Area (in}^2\text{)}}$	<b>P</b> = $\frac{F}{A}$
<b>Fluid Motor Torque</b> lb-in ( <i>Inch Pounds</i> )	<b>Torque</b> = $\frac{\text{Pressure (psi)} \times \text{F.M. Displacement (in}^3\text{/rev.)}}{2\pi}$	<b>T</b> = $\frac{Pd}{2\pi}$
	<b>Torque</b> = $\frac{\text{Horsepower} \times 63025}{\text{RPM}}$	<b>T</b> = $\frac{63025 \text{ hp}}{n}$
	<b>Torque</b> = $\frac{\text{Flow Rate (GPM)} \times \text{Pressure (psi)} \times 36.77}{\text{RPM}}$	<b>T</b> = $\frac{36.77 Q P}{N}$
<b>Fluid Motor Power</b> hp ( <i>Horsepower</i> )	<b>Horsepower</b> = $\frac{\text{Torque (lbs-in)} \times \text{RPM}}{63025}$	<b>hp</b> = $\frac{Tn}{63025}$
<b>Cylinder Area Extend</b> in <sup>2</sup> ( <i>Square Inches</i> )	<b>Area</b> = $\pi(4 \times \text{Bore Diameter}^2)$	<b>A</b> = .7854 D <sup>2</sup>
<b>Cylinder Area Retract</b> (w/rod) in <sup>2</sup> ( <i>Square Inches</i> )	<b>Area</b> = $(\pi/4 \times \text{Bore Diameter}^2) - (\pi/4 \times \text{Rod Diameter}^2)$	<b>A</b> = (.7854 Db <sup>2</sup> )- (.7854 Dr <sup>2</sup> )
<b>Cylinder Volume</b> G ( <i>Gallons of Fluid</i> )	<b>Volume</b> = $\frac{\text{Net Area (in}^2\text{)} \times \text{Stroke (in)}}{231}$	<b>V</b> = $\frac{A L}{231}$
<b>Cylinder Power</b> hp ( <i>Horsepower</i> )	<b>Horsepower</b> = $\frac{\text{Pressure (psi)} \times \text{Flow Rate (GPM)}}{1714}$	<b>hp</b> = $\frac{P Q}{1714}$
<b>Cylinder Velocity</b> ft/s ( <i>Feet per Second</i> )	<b>Velocity</b> = $\frac{231 \times \text{Flow Rate (GPM)}}{12 \times 60 \times \text{Net Area (in}^2\text{)}}$	<b>v</b> = $\frac{.3208 Q}{A}$
<b>Pump Outlet Flow</b> GPM ( <i>Gallons per Minute</i> )	<b>Flow</b> = $\frac{\text{RPM} \times \text{Pump Displacement (in}^3\text{/rev.)}}{231}$	<b>Q</b> = $\frac{nd}{231}$
<b>Flow Rate Through Piping</b> ft/s Velocity ( <i>Feet per Second</i> )	<b>Velocity</b> = $\frac{.3208 \times \text{Flow Rate Through I.D. (GPM)}}{\text{Internal Area (in}^2\text{)}}$	<b>v</b> = $\frac{.3208Q}{A}$